









Understanding the Factors Influencing Multimodal Choice – A case of Chennai

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Objective & Methodology

Objectives

- To research the factors influencing of multimodal transportation
- To understand the travel behavior that affect modal choice
- To understand the travel behavior of Chennai commuters, Questionnaire survey method is used for Quantitative research
- Data required to understand travel behavior
 - Socio-demographic data, Activity questionnaire, travel diary
- The following are the factors considered for understanding Multimodal choice
 - 1. Age
 - 2. Gender
 - 3. Income
 - 4. Purpose
 - 5. Trip frequency
 - 6. Vehicle ownership
 - 7. Access and egress
 - 8. Travel distance
 - 9. Travel time
 - 10. Travel cost

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Survey Methodology					
Pilot survey	Final survey				
60 respondents	200 respondents				

Survey outcome	Nos.	%
Total Individual surveyed	246	
Total trips undertaken	531	100%
No. of Private trips	169	32%
No. of Public transport trips	362	68%



Study area selection2th Urban Mobility India

Study area is selected based on following criteria

- 1. Area should contain an adequate transport supply
- 2. Should include different types of public transport modes
 - MTC bus, local train, MRTS and Chennai Metro
- 3. Should contain mixed land use pattern
- 4. Should cover people with different income groups
- 5. Area should have multimodal, multi-usage, inter and intra transport facilities

Typology
Interchange commuters, Intercity train commuters, commercials, Hospitals
Colleges, shopping centres, malls
Residential, Government offices
Commercial, Intercity bus commuters
Residential



Multimodal Trips 12th Urban Mobility India Conference & Expo 2019

Summary of Public transport trips

Public transport trip break ups	Multimodal trips	Non – multimodal trips
No. of people (total 183 ppl)	45 (25%)	138
No. of Trips (total 362 trips)	84 (23%)	278 (77%)
No. of Two modal trips	78	
No. of Three modal trips	6	

Predominantly used single mode

Main mode	No. of person used	No. of trips	% of trips
Local train	29	56	20%
Metro	22	45	16%
MRTS	5	10	4%
MTC bus	82	167	60%
Grand Total	138	278	

Predominant Multimode combination

Main mode combination	No. of person used	No. of trips	% of trips
Local - Intercity	1	1	1%
Local - MRTS	1	2	3%
Local - MTC	6	12	15%
Metro - Intercity	1	1	1%
Metro - Local	3	6	8%
Metro - Metro	5	8	10%
Metro - MRTS	7	14	18%
Metro - MTC	3	4	5%
MRTS - MTC	3	5	6%
MTC - MTC	12	25	32%
Metro - Metro – Local train	2	4	
Local train - MTC - MTC	1	2	

Socio-Economic Profile

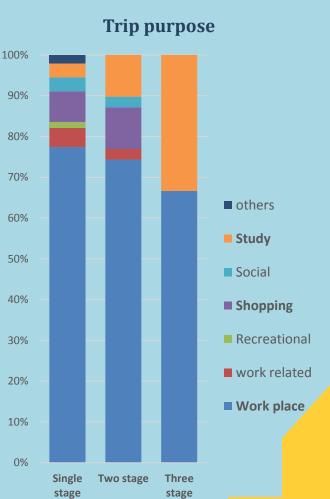
	No. of ppl	No. of Trips
Multi-modal	45	84
Total	183	362

Urban Mobility India Conference & Expo 2019

Socio-economic profile of multimodal users

	coeff b	s.e.	Wald	p-value	exp(b)	lower	upper
Intercept	-2.05369	1.335587	2.36442	0.12413	0.128261		
Gender	0.587687	0.400219	2.156235	0.141992	1.799821	0.821414	3.943634
Education	-0.13727	0.200023	0.470987	0.492533	0.871733	0.589011	1.290158
Occupation	-0.1108	0.124759	0.788742	0.374481	0.895118	0.700947	1.143076
HH size	-0.08641	0.187834	0.211633	0.64549	0.917218	0.634728	1.325431
Income	0.05254	0.12535	0.175684	0.675109	1.053945	0.824365	1.347461
4-w ownership	0.065441	1.243132	0.002771	0.958017	1.06763	0.093382	12.20609
2-w ownership	0.269978	0.265782	1.031818	0.309732	1.309935	0.778064	2.205384
Age	0.005701	0.018384	0.096161	0.756486	1.005717	0.970125	1.042615
Purpose	0.301878	0.125888	5.750345	0.016485	1.352396	1.056691	1.730852

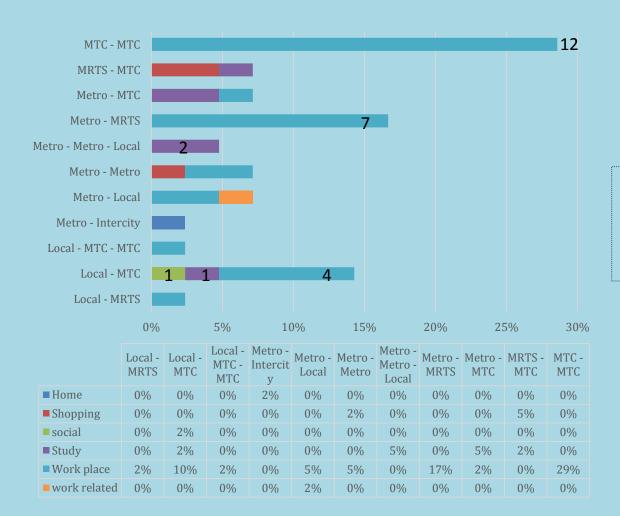
All the p-values are greater than 0.05, so **none of the variables have statistically significant impact** on using of multimodal public transportation



Trip Purpose

	No. of ppl	No. of Trips
Multi-modal	45	84
Total	183	362

Trip purpose and combination of multimode



The purpose for using Multimodal Transportation is **for Work trip and study trip**. Thus these affects the Multimodal choice

Multimodal trips 12th 3

No of ppl - 19

Purpose 100% Work place 100%

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Average travel time, distance and cost based on Trip detail for predominant multimode

	No. of ppl	No. of Trips
Multi-modal	45	84
Total	183	362

No.

ppl -

12

100

MTC - MTC

e Cost

123 67

Distanc Tim

Predominant multimode

No of ppl - 19			No. of ppl - 7	Metro - MRTS			No. of ppl -	MTC - MTC		
				Distance	Tim e	Cost		Distanc e	Time	Cost
Gender	11%	Female	0%				17%	25	105	40
	89%	Male	100 %	24	69	63	83%	54	126	72
		Average		24	69	63		49	123	67
Income	11%	1 lakh to 2 lakh	14%	28	85	40	8%	29	125	43
	37%	25,000 to 50,000	57%	24	63	59	25%	19	70	39
	26%	50,000 to 1 lakh	29%	22	73	84	25%	128	242	144
	26%	Below 25,000	0%				42%	24	82	42
		Average		24	69	63		49	123	67
Age	11%	< 55 yrs	0%				17%	25	75	44
	11%	18 yrs - 24 yrs	14%	28	85	40	8%	24	80	50
	32%	25 yrs - 34 yrs	29%	22	73	84	33%	101	211	116
	47%	35 yrs - 44 yrs	57%	24	63	59	42%	22	80	40
		Average		24	69	63		49	123	67
Occupat ion		Business	14%	28	85	40	8%	22	85	36
	11%	Government Service	0%				17%	23	73	39
	68%	Private Service	71%	22	62	72.6	67%	63	145	83
	11%	Student	14%	28	85	40	8%	19	85	25

24

Average

63

123 67

Predominant multimode

Distanc

Metro - MRTS

Time Cost

69 63

			Average		24	69	63		49	123	67
	Frequen	ı									
	cy	95%	Daily	100%	24	69	63	92%	23	82	39
		5%	Monthly					8%	338	575	367
			Average		24	69	63		49	123	67
	Individu al/ group	ı 100%	Alona	100%	24	69	63	1	49	123	67
	group	10070	Alone	10070	24	09	03	1	47	123	07
ı			Average		24	69	63		49	123	67
 Predominant Multimodal users are Male Income range from 25,000 to 1 lakh per month Age group – 35 to 44 yrs Occupation – Private service Purpose – Work place Frequency – Daily Individual trips 											

ppl -

Access and egress mode Urban Mobility India

Metro -

Metro

C⊘n	C nterence & Expo 2				
	No. of ppl	No. of Trips			
Multi-modal	45	84			
Total	183	362			

Metro -

0%

(4)5%

0%

(5) 6%

0%

(25) 30%

(3)4%

(84) 100%

MRTS - MTC MTC - MTC

Grand Total

MTC

Access mode and Main mode combination

0%

(3)4%

0%

(12) 14%

Local - MTC

Metro -

Local

Local -

MRTS

Acces mode

Feeder Auto

Grand Total

2-W	(1) 1%	(3) 4%	0%	(3) 4%	(2) 2%	0%	0%	(5) 6%	(14) 17%
4-W	0%	(1) 1%	0%	(1) 1%	(2) 2%	0%	(1) 1%	0%	(5) 6%
Auto	(1) 1%	(1) 1%	(3) 4%	(5) 6%	(10)12%	(1) 1%	0%	(2) 2%	(23) 27 %
Cycle	0%	(2) 2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	(2) 2%
Walk	0%	(5) 6%	(6) 7%	(2) 2%	0%	(4) 5%	(4) 5%	(17) 20%	(38)45%
Feeder Auto	0%	0%	0%	(1) 1%	(1) 1%	0%	0%	0%	(2) 2%
Grand Total	(2) 2%	(12) 14%	(9) 11%	(12) 14%	(15) 18%	(4) 6%	(5) 6%	(24) 29 %	(84) 100%
Faross mode and Main mode combination									

Metro - MRTS

reedel Auto	090	0 0%	090	0 (1) 1%	(1) 1%	0 0%	0 0%0	0%0	(4) 4%	
Grand Total	(2) 2%	% (12) 14%	% (9) 11%	% (12) 14%	(15) 18 %	(4) 6%	(5) 6%	(24) 29%	(84) 100%	
Egress m	Egress mode and Main mode combination									
Egress mode	Local - MRTS	Local - MTC	Metro - Local l	Metro - Metro	Metro - MRTS	Metro - MTC	MRTS - MTC	MTC - MTC	Grand Total	
2-W	0%	(3) 4%	0%	(2) 2%	(2) 2%	0%	0%	(3) 4%	(10) 12%	
4-W	0%	6 0%	0%	(1) 1%	(2) 2%	0%	0%	0%	(3) 4%	
Auto	(1) 1%	(1) 1%	(3) 4%	(1) 1%	(12) 14%	(1) 1%	(4) 5%	(2) 3%	(25) 30%	
Cycle	0%	(2) 3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	(2) 2%	
Walk	(2) 2%	(6) 7%	(5) 6%	(4) 5%	0%	(3) 4%	(1) 1%	(20) 24%	(41) 49%	
				, market 1	·		, maria		, The state of the	

(1) 1%

(20) 17%

(2) 2%

(10) 12%

0%

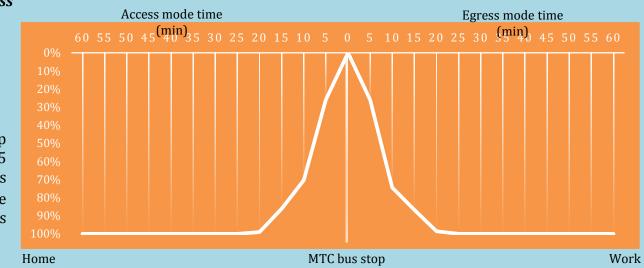
(8) 10%

Access and egress mode Onference & Expo 2019 Travel time

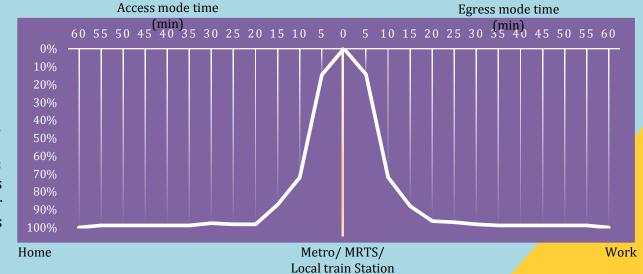
Cumulative frequency distributions of access and egress times for MTC bus (top) and MRTS, local train and metro (bottom):

Around 25% (out of 216 trip) of trip access and egressing MTC bus stop for 5 mins

Around 50% of respondents access time and egress time MTC bus stop is 10 mins



Only 15% (out of 111) of trip access and egressing metro/MRTS/ local stop for 5 mins Around 60% of respondents the access time and egress time is 10 mins for other stops/stations



Inference

- 1. The **socioeconomic profile does not influence** the multimodal transportation
- 2. Multimodal trips are mainly influenced by trip purpose, travel distance, travel cost and travel time.
- 3. Multimodal trips are competitive to single modal trip only on selected **trip purpose work trip and shopping, selected trip frequency daily trip**.
- 4. As the **40%** of the total multimodal trips are **work trips**, the share of people travelling in group is only 26%, that 74% respondents are **travelling alone**.
- 5. The **average distance** travelled in multimodal trips are **24 kms**, while in single mode is **16 kms**.
- 6. Multimodal trips have influence on access and egress, **only** when **the access and egress distance** is **shorter than 2.5 km**.
- 7. Around 50% of respondents in multimodal trips, **the access time and egress time is 10 mins** to reach the station and to reach the destination from station.

Conclusion

- 1. The highly travelled people among all three modes are working people within the age group of 18 to 34 years.
- 2. The multimodal transportation is not influenced by the background of the respondents, rather by activities of the trips such as work and shopping
- 3. MTC buses are the most successful mode of public transportation over many years in Chennai.
- 4. It is successful due to its minimum travel cost and good connectivity. Though there is no direct connectivity of MTC bus throughout the city and the respondents needs to transfer between the mode, still they prefer MTC buses as their main transport mode.