

Photo of Mexico City. PABLO LOPEZ LUZ / BARCROFT MEDIA / Unhco

1st Key Message

More urban areas will be constructed during first 3 decades of 21st Century than all of history



2nd Key Message

Urban Transportation is the make and break of the global climate agenda.





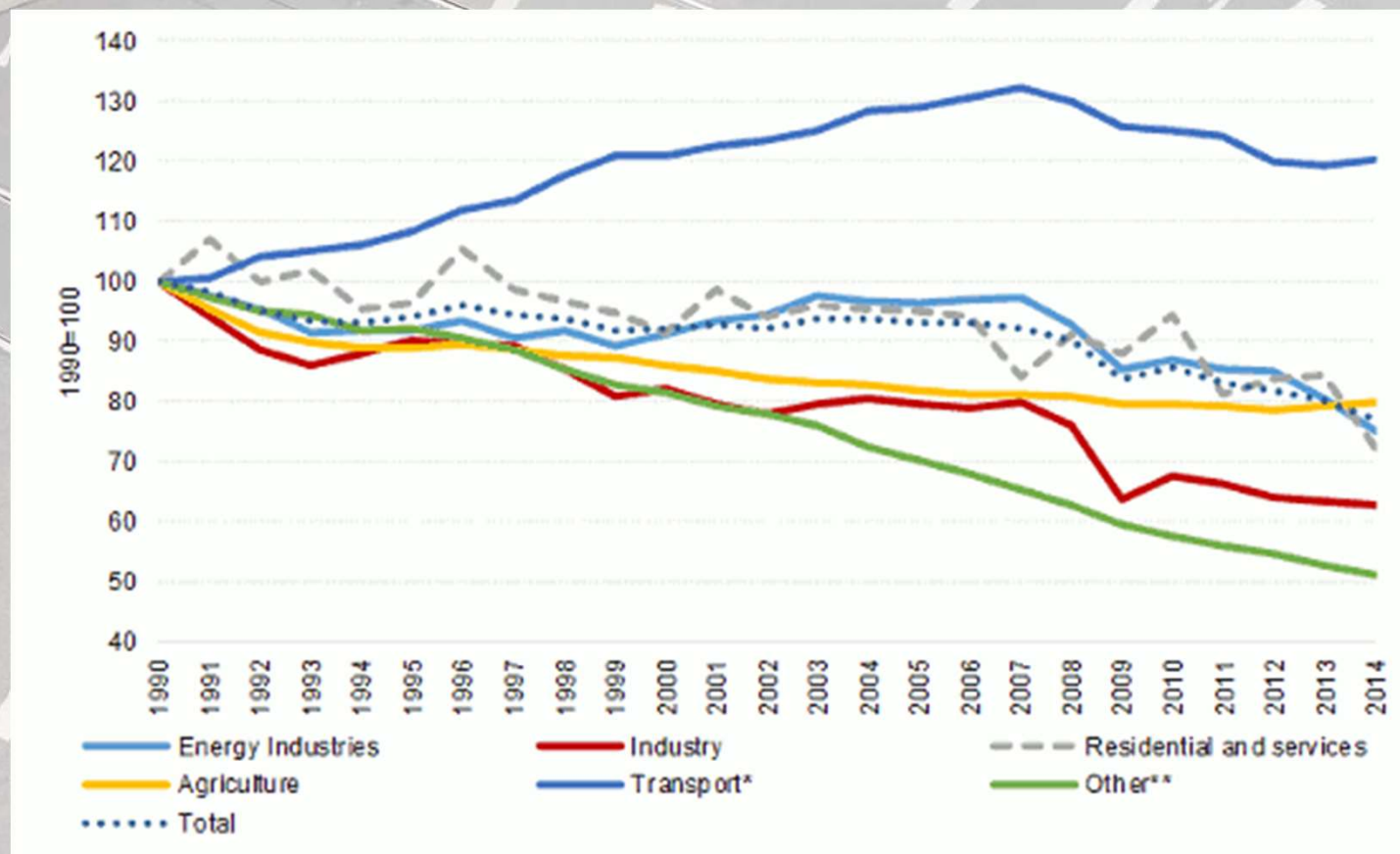
23% of global carbon emissions
[energy-related]

61% of global oil demand

Doubling of emissions till 2050
[under BAU Scenarios]

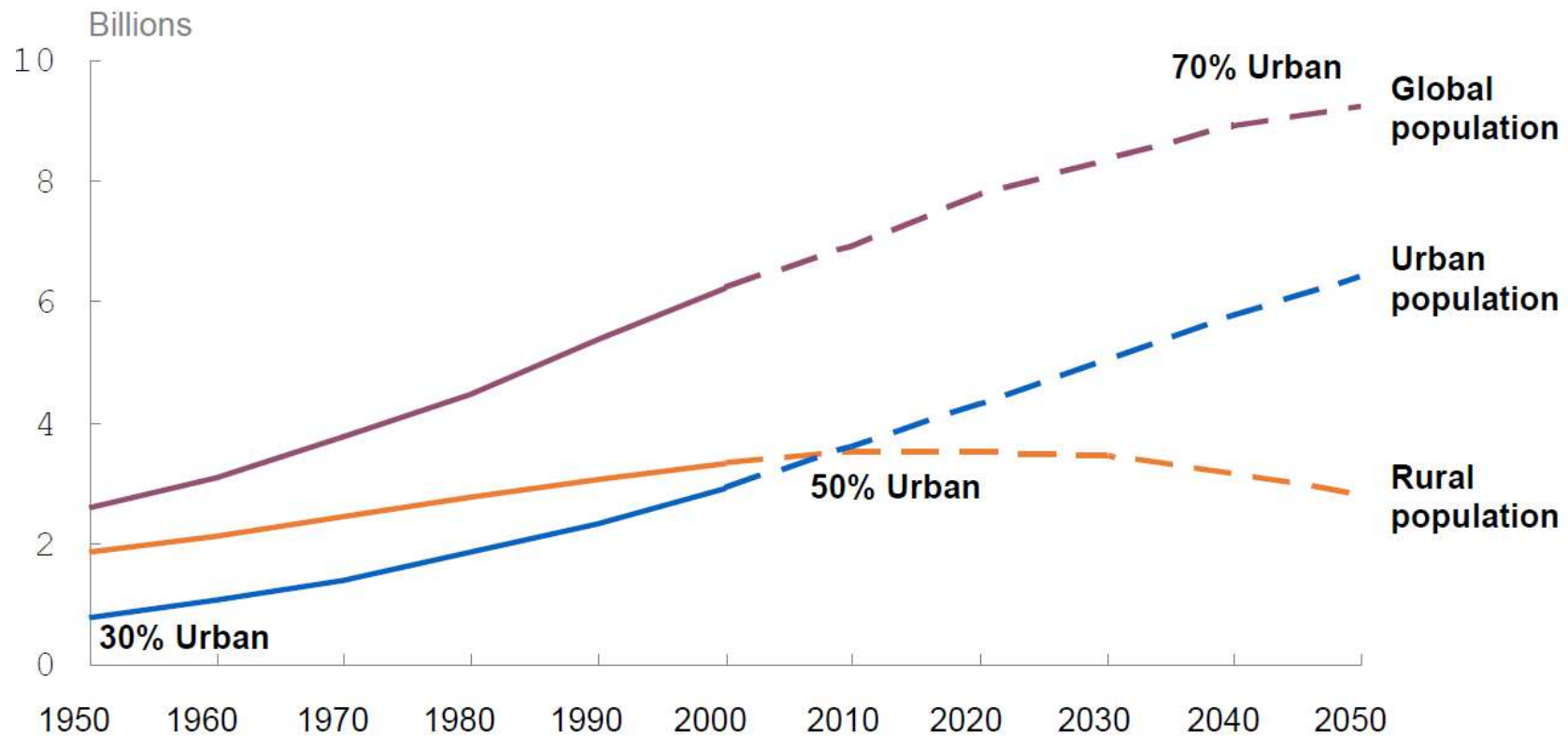
More than 10 billion trips per day
[urban share rapidly increasing]

EU27 -
growing
carbon
emissions
only in the
transport
sector



Source: [European Commission | EEA](#)

The Global Urban Mobility Opportunity



The 150 largest metropolitan economies account for 14% of global population yet generate 41% of global GDP. The urbanization trend presents significant opportunities.

The Global Urban Mobility Opportunity



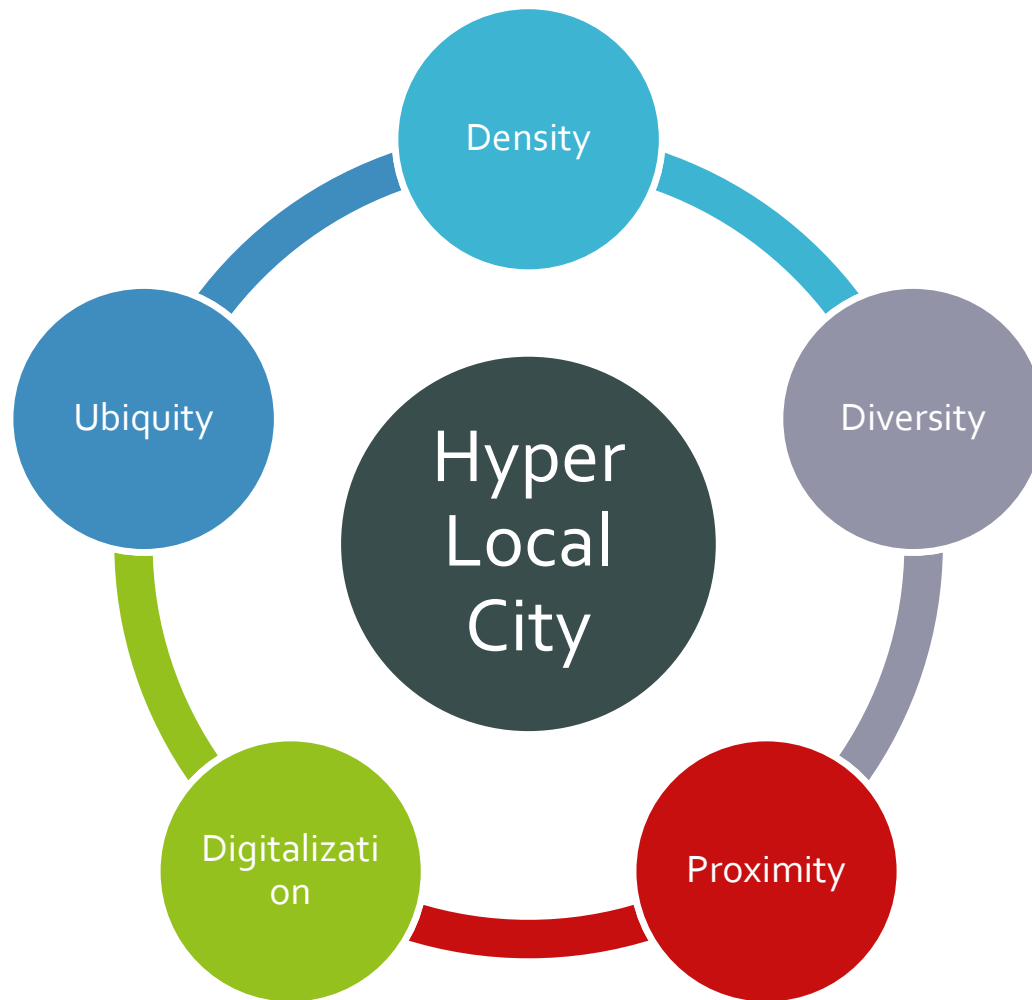
The hyperlocal city in the age of the climate crisis

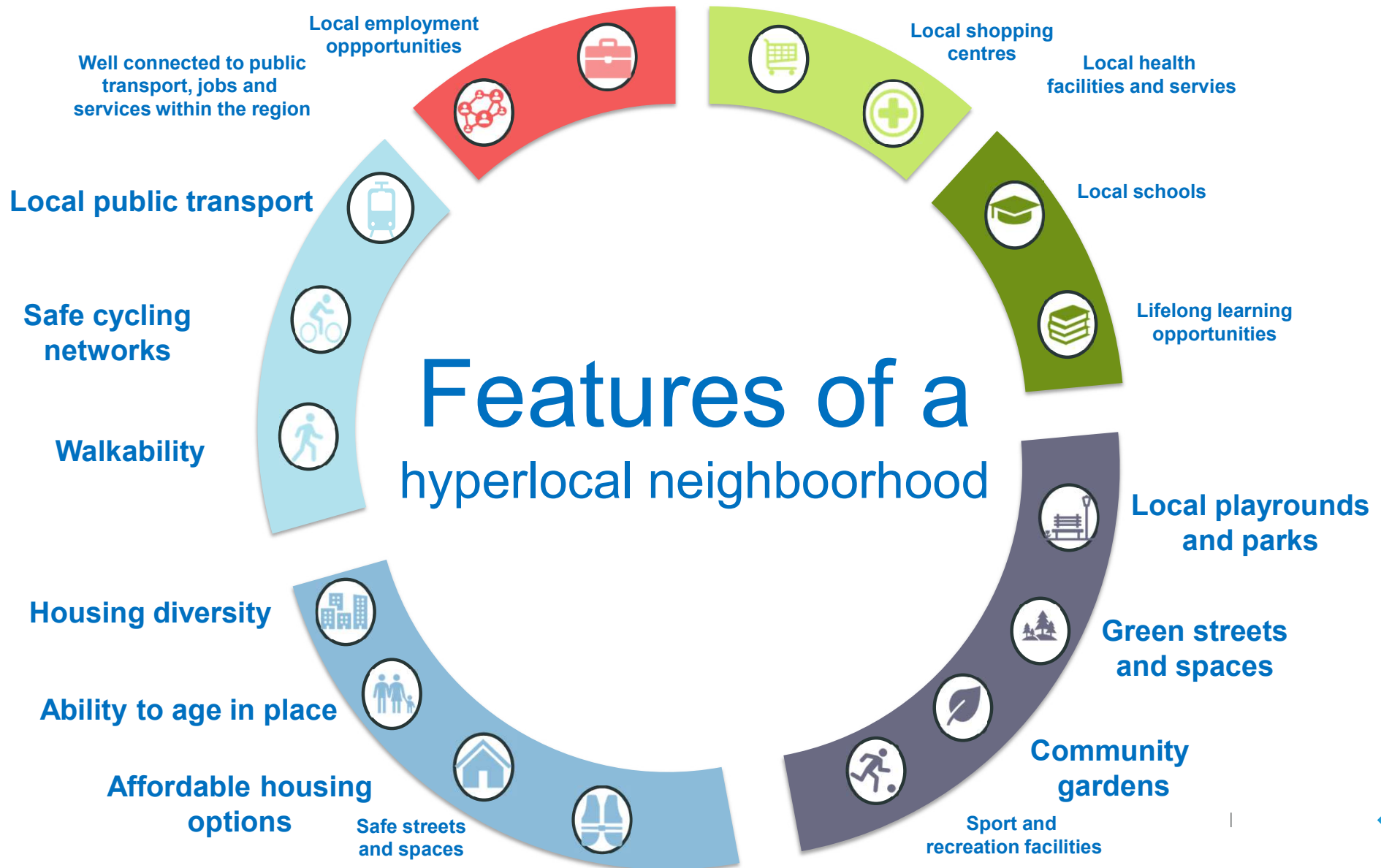
Daniel Moser, Head, TUMI

What is the hyperlocal city?

1. A city in which all residents can meet all their needs within a 15-minute walk or bike ride from their homes
2. Hyper- proximity cities prioritize multimodal transportation and pedestrians rather than cars, and every area should serve multiple purposes
3. Centers on the integration of land use and transport planning and is most successful when implemented as part of a city-wide, city-led strategy that engages strongly with local people.
4. The hyperlocal city revolves around five main principles: density, diversity, proximity, ubiquity and digitalization

The 5 Pillars of a hyperlocal Minute City





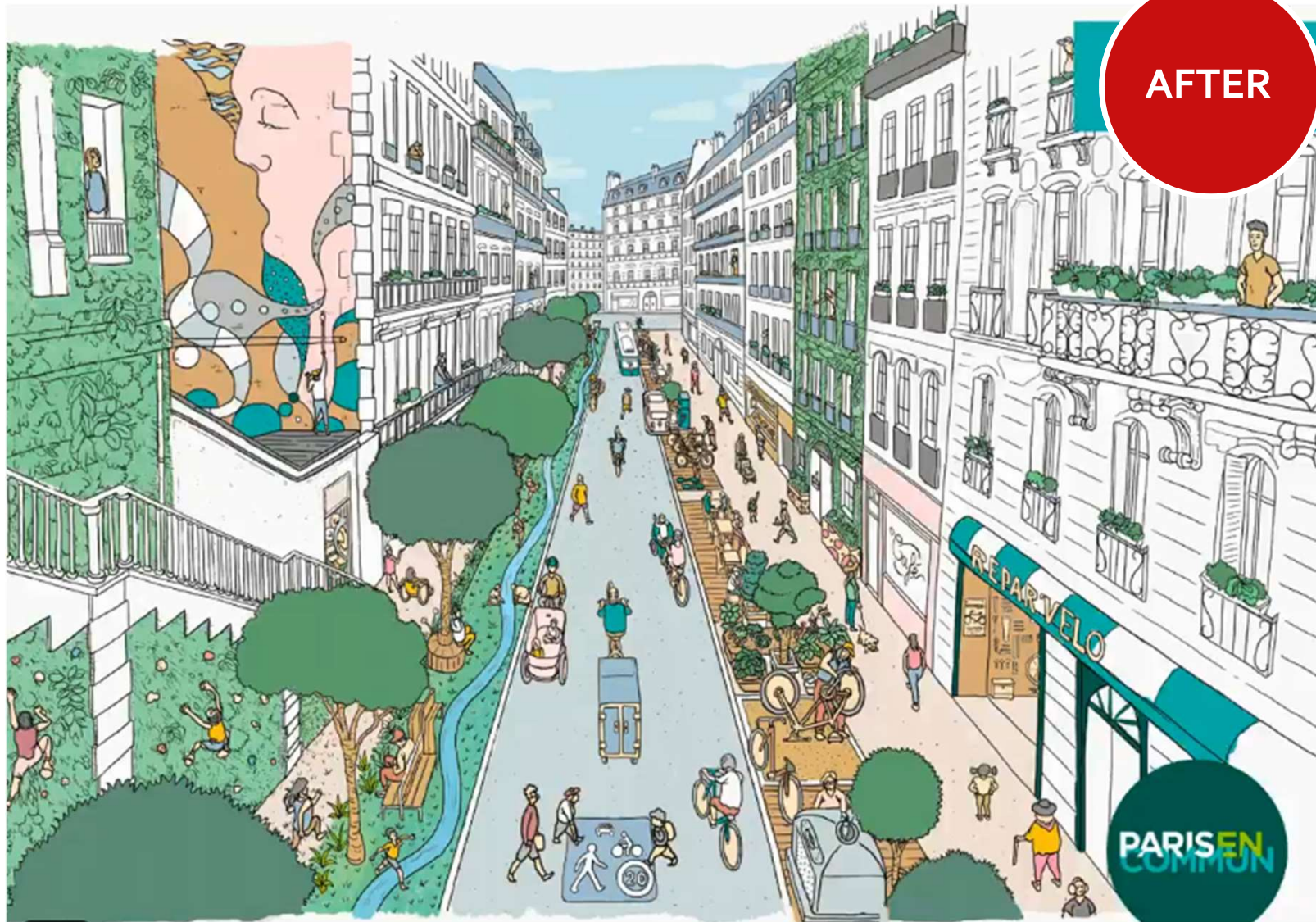


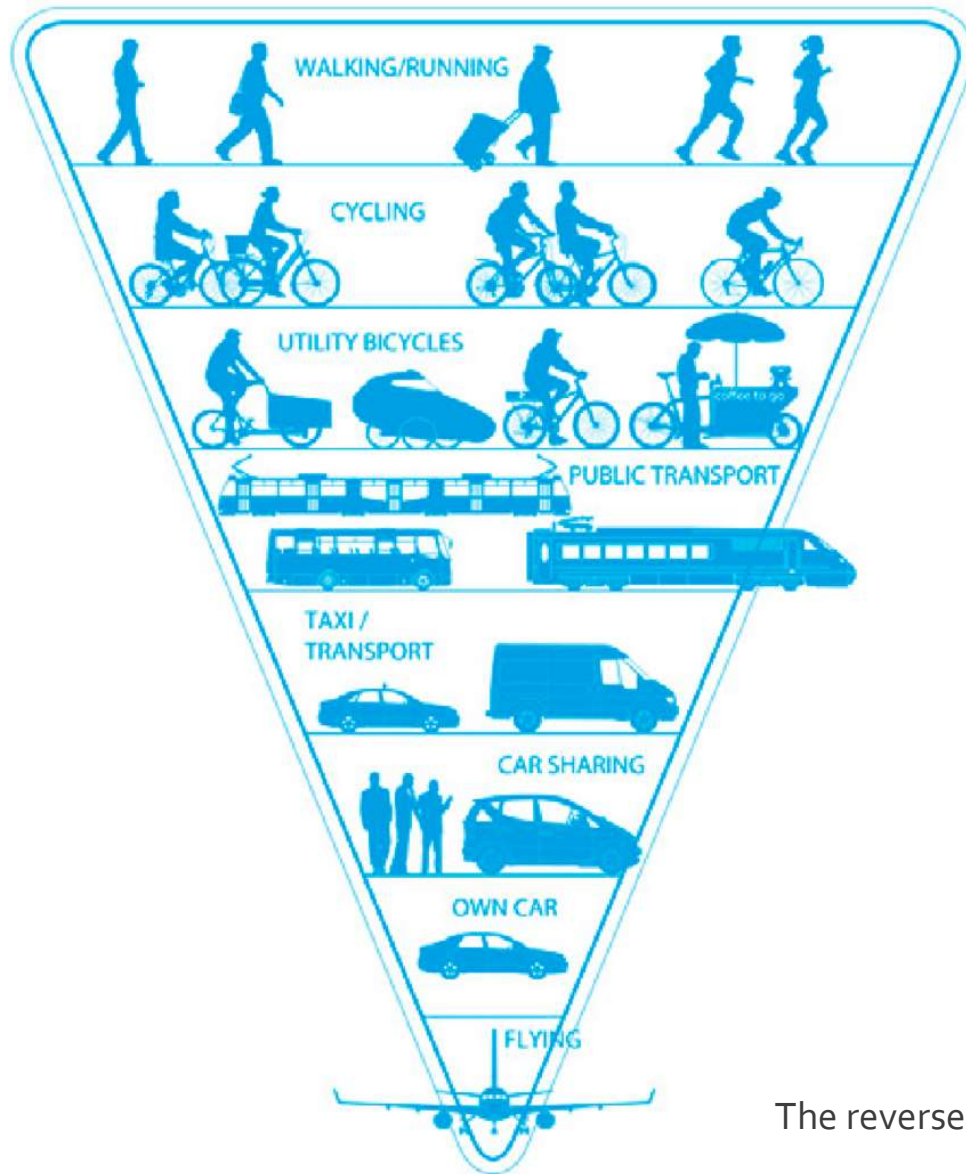
Paris



BEFORE

PARISEN
COMMON





**The reverse traffic pyramid:
Walking & Cycling are key
elements of the hyperlocal city**

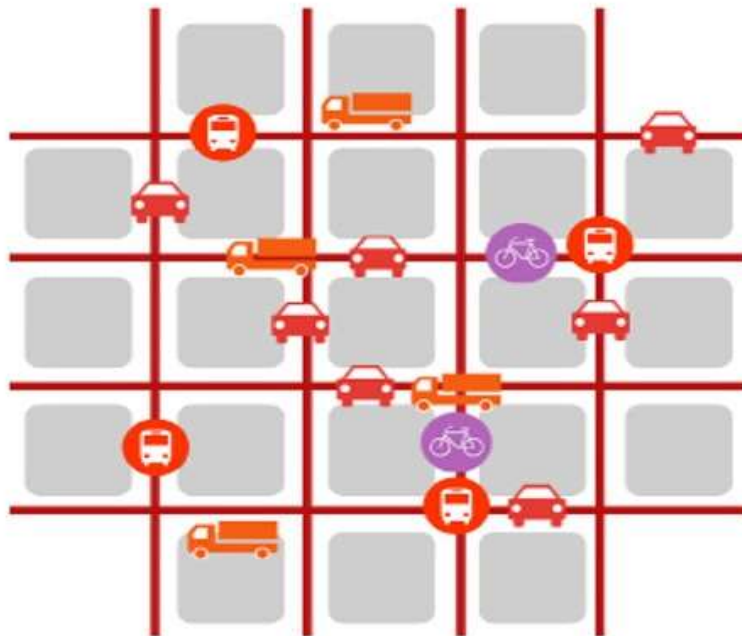
The reverse traffic pyramid. Source: Bicycle Innovation Lab |



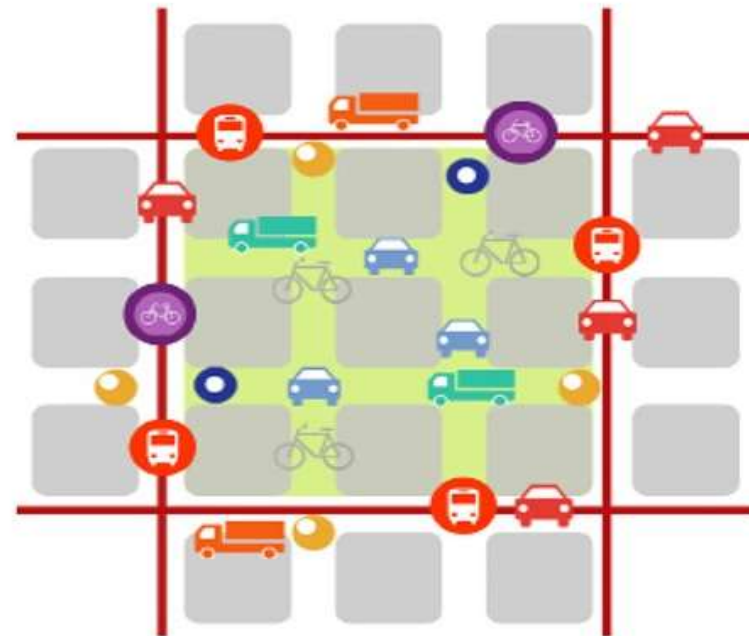
Barcelona

SUPERBLOCKS MODEL

Current Model



Superblocks Model



PUBLIC TRANSPORT NETWORK



BICYCLES MAIN NETWORK (BIKE LANE)



BICYCLES SIGNPOSTS (REVERSE DIRECTION)



FREE PASSAGE OF BICYCLES



PRIVATE VEHICLE PASSING



RESIDENTS VEHICLES



URBAN SERVICES AND EMERGENCY



DUM CARRIERS



DUM PROXIMITY AREA



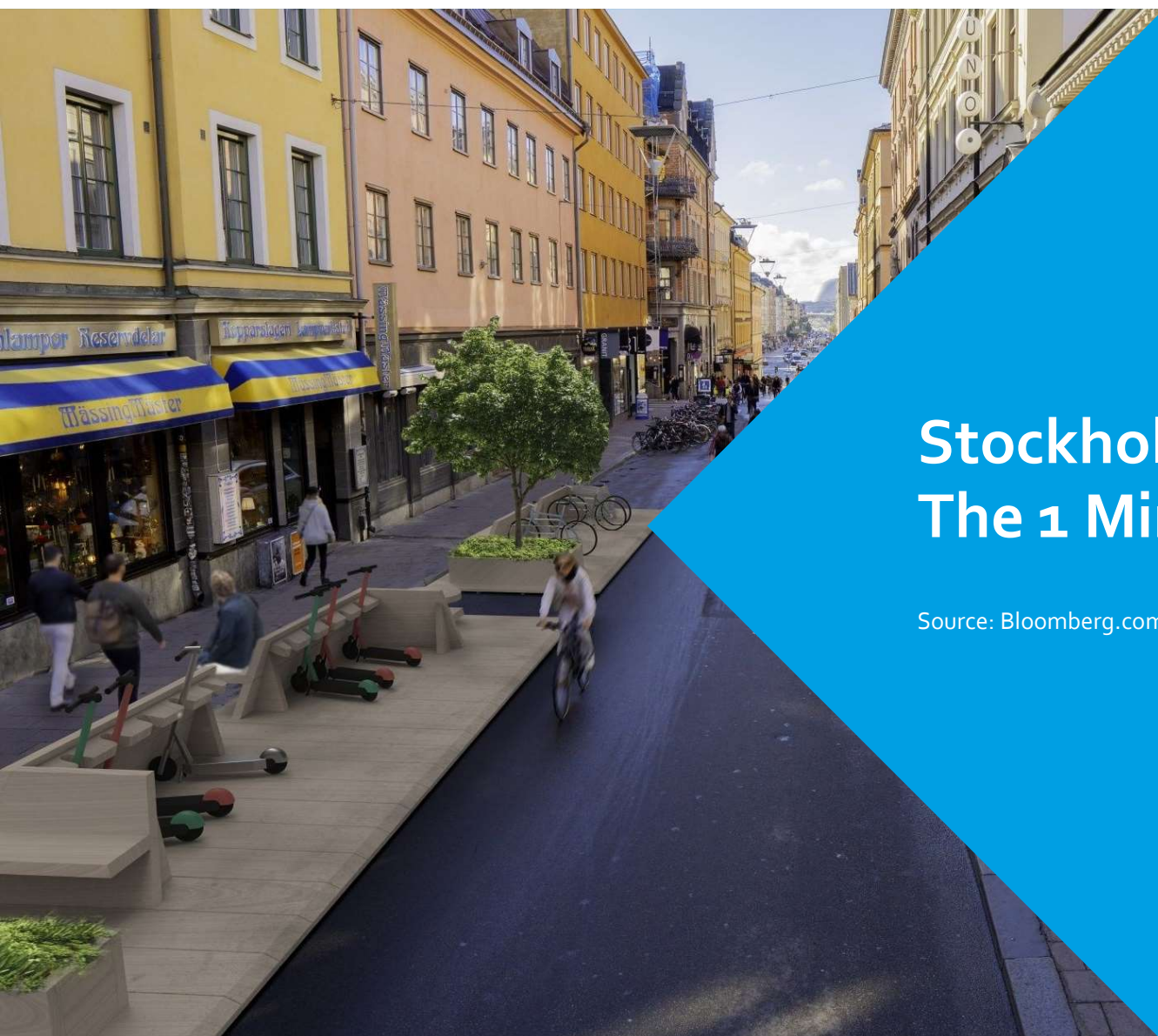
ACCESS CONTROL



BASIC TRAFFIC NETWORK



SINGLE PLATFORM (PEDESTRIANS PRIORITY)



Stockholm: The 1 Minute City

Source: Bloomberg.com / Photo courtesy ArkDes



Photo courtesy Utopia Arkitekter





Cycles 4 Change



Streets 4 People



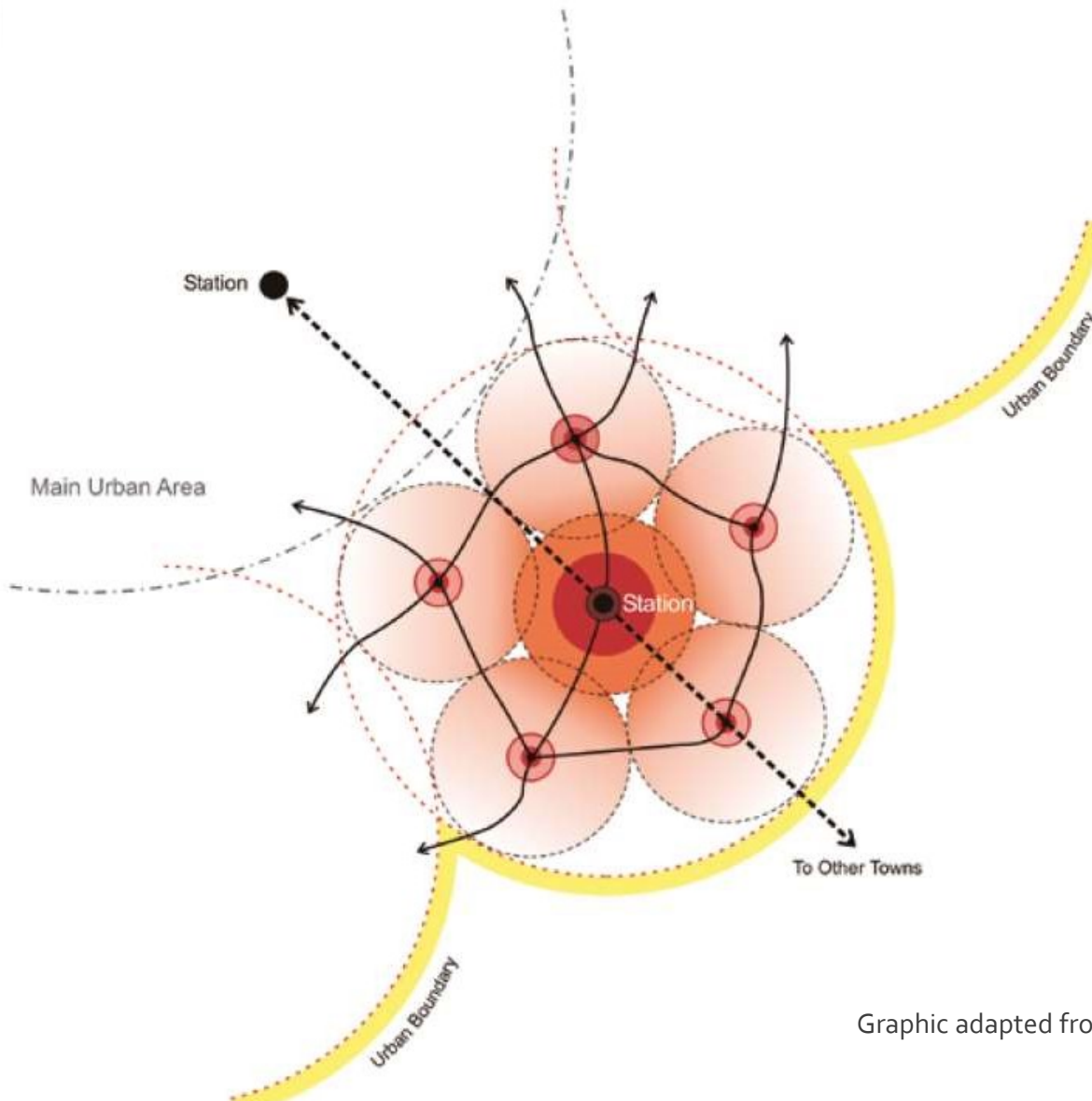
Helsinki

❖ Upscaling and Densification around train stations and rail corridors



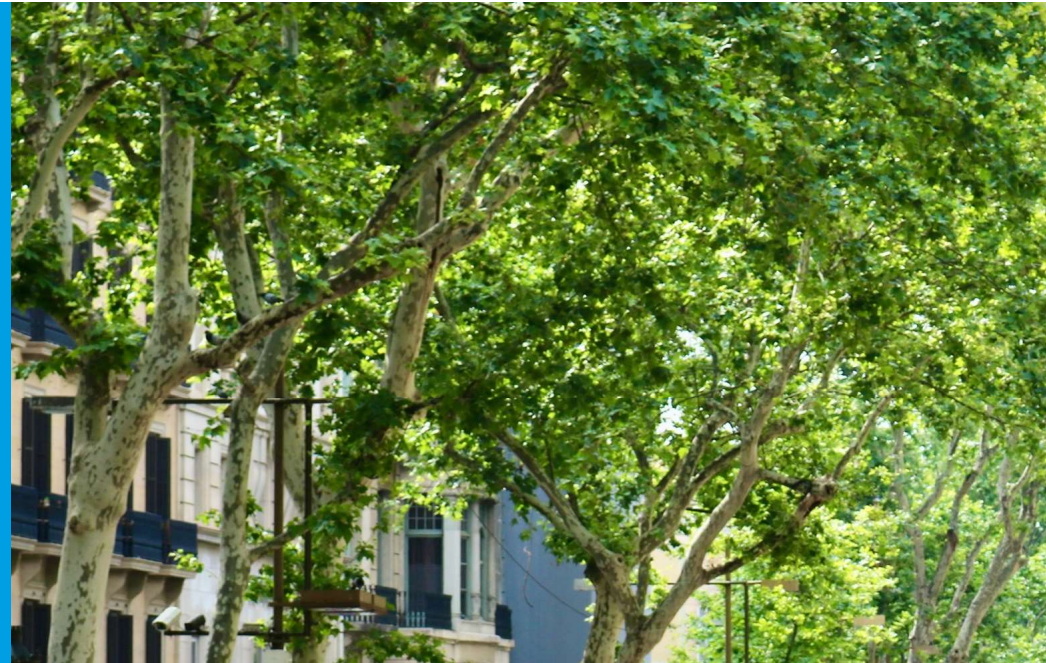
Helsinki 2.0

❖ Achieving 100% population growth while elevating quality of life.



The Modern Metropolis
is a network of
connected hyperlocal
neighbourhoods

Graphic adapted from: Hickman, R., et al., Planning for Sustainable Travel. Summary Guide. 2009, Halcrow and CfIT: London.



Our Futures

Our Choices



The unique opportunity to design the future of our cities

1. Cities in which all residents can meet all their needs within a 15-minute walk or bike ride from their homes.
2. Cities that prioritize multimodal transportation and pedestrians rather than cars, where every area should serve multiple purposes.
3. Integration of land use and transport planning as centerpiece. Success is when implemented as part of a city-wide, city-led strategy that engages strongly with local people.
4. The hyperlocal city revolves around five main principles: density, diversity, proximity, ubiquity and digitalization



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[tuminitiative
_dmose](https://twitter.com/tuminitiative_dmose)

Thank You!